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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/521,115	01/12/2005	Fumie Sato	Q84913	6775
23373 7590 01/06/2009 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYL VANIA AVENUE, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			O'SULLIVAN, PETER G	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1621	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/06/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/521,115 SATO ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Peter G. O'Sullivan 1621 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 September 2008. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1.2 and 8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2 and 8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Imformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC/G5/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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Claims 1, 2 and 8 are pending in this application which should be reviewed for errors. The provisional obviousness type double patenting rejection is withdrawn because copending Application No. 10/493,693 no longer overlaps the instant application.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 2 and 8 are again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combined teaching of Sato et al., EP 1 211 242, and Sato et al., JP 2001-151749 for the reasons of record. Sato et al. '242 disclose sleep inducing prostaglandin derivatives given by their formula I wherein A may be S(O)p(CH2)n, and further disclose close compounds such as compound 21 on page 9. Sato et al. '749 disclose sleep inducing prostaglandin derivatives of formula I where Z may be ethylene, vinylene, or ethynylene and further disclose compounds such as 59 and 60 having Z as ethynylene. The compounds of Sato et al., '242, differ from those of applicants in not having an ethynylene moiety acid or ester containing chain. Sato et al. '749

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differ in not having a methylene moiety between the sulfur and cyclopentyl ring. It would have

been prima facie obvious at the time the invention was made to one of ordinary skill in the art to

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start with the the teaching of the cited references, to make applicants' compounds and to expect

them to be useful as sleep inducers. It would have been obvious to modify the teaching of Sato

et al. '242 to include an ethynylene group in view of the equivalency of saturation to

unsaturation taught by Sato et al. '749. Conversely, it would have been obvious to include a

methylene moiety in between the cyclopentyl ring and the sulfur in the compounds of Sato et al.

'749 by comparison with the compounds of Sato et al. '242. Applicants' arguments have been

given due consideration, but are found non-persuasive. Applicants allege but do not provide a

showing of unexpected beneficial sleep inducing effect.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Peter G. O'Sullivan at

telephone number (571)272-0642.

/Peter G O'Sullivan/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1621